

امتحان قيس مستواك

للف الثالث الثانوى

أى حد هيتفكش بيفكش
هيتفكش صوت وصورة



بيانات الطالب:

الاسم:

الكود:

المجموعة:

الساعة:

يوم الامتحان هنتهان هنتهان



الدرجة:

165

توقيع المصحح

نموذج

٢

ملحوظة الإجابة عن طريق
تظليل الحرف فقط يا فاشل



Test yourself on Language notes

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1. Everyone mistakes when they're learning something new.
☐ a make ☐ b makes ☐ c do ☐ d does
2. I hope I have the right decision to improve my life style.
☐ a done ☐ b made ☐ c seen ☐ d been
3. This ingredient also has the of making your skin look younger.
☐ a affect ☐ b effect ☐ c effective ☐ d effectively
4. The youngsters gradually confidence in their abilities.
☐ a won ☐ b win ☐ c earn ☐ d gain
5. The project has had a direct on the lives of one million people.
☐ a effectively ☐ b effective ☐ c affect ☐ d effect
6. The press is on the way people react in everyday life.
☐ a association ☐ b affect ☐ c influence ☐ d effective
7. Reading novels describes new and exciting which we can benefit.
☐ a experienced ☐ b experience ☐ c experiences ☐ d an experience
8. Mai promised me to her best in her next exams.
☐ a make ☐ b does ☐ c do ☐ d made
9. The firm needs an to work as an accountant.
☐ a employ ☐ b employer ☐ c employee ☐ d employment
10. He has changed so much that I couldn't him.
☐ a recognise ☐ b release ☐ c realise ☐ d specialize
11. They didn't the danger they were in.
☐ a realise ☐ b recognised ☐ c release ☐ d identify
12. Nobody should drive while they are under the of alcohol.
☐ a influence ☐ b affect ☐ c effective ☐ d influential
13. I've a lot of weight recently.
☐ a win ☐ b earned ☐ c beat ☐ d gained
14. Ali as well as his friends clever plans.
☐ a do ☐ b does ☐ c make ☐ d makes
15. The training scheme aims to make people more
☐ a unemployed ☐ b employment ☐ c unemployment ☐ d employable
16. The doctor recommended him up smoking.
☐ a giving ☐ b gives ☐ c gave ☐ d to give
17. need special care.
☐ a The disability ☐ b abled ☐ c disabled ☐ d The disabled
18. I feel during the exams.
☐ a confusing ☐ b confusion ☐ c confusingly ☐ d confused
19. My friend recommended that I quickly for the next exam.
☐ a revised ☐ b revising ☐ c should revise ☐ d had revised
20. She is unable to her ideas to other people.
☐ a communicate ☐ b contact ☐ c connect ☐ d contract
21. A lot of Egyptians need to work their pronunciation.
☐ a as ☐ b in ☐ c on ☐ d with
22. He physics from Cambridge University.
☐ a a graduate of ☐ b graduated in ☐ c graduated from ☐ d a graduate in
23. His political ended when he was found to have been accepting bribes.
☐ a profession ☐ b career ☐ c work ☐ d job
24. Mai graduated medical school last year.
☐ a in ☐ b from ☐ c of ☐ d with
25. I am a Cairo university.
☐ a graduate from ☐ b graduate of ☐ c graduated from ☐ d grade

26. She works a consultant for a design company.
☐ a on ☐ b as ☐ c so ☐ d from
27. This book a lot of important information.
☐ a consists ☐ b includes ☐ c conclude ☐ d have
28. We have good with the local community.
☐ a communicates ☐ b contacts ☐ c connects ☐ d connection
29. Can you hold this nail in while I hammer it into the door?
☐ a destination ☐ b position ☐ c site ☐ d location
30. Detectives are still looking the escaped prisoner.
☐ a at ☐ b for ☐ c up ☐ d after
31. My computer is to the printer to print exam papers.
☐ a communicated ☐ b contacted ☐ c connected ☐ d disconnected
32. Do you know the reason the shop is closed today?
☐ a which ☐ b that ☐ c why ☐ d whose
33. She's keen playing tennis.
☐ a from ☐ b with ☐ c on ☐ d in
34. As a freelance accountant. I can choose exactly which project to
☐ a take to ☐ b take off ☐ c take on ☐ d take after
35. Our teacher always has all students take in debates.
☐ a place ☐ b off ☐ c part ☐ d away
36. I need to take some time to see my mother.
☐ a place ☐ b off ☐ c on ☐ d up
37. A committee was set up to look the causes of the accident.
☐ a forward to ☐ b into ☐ c up ☐ d after
38. He wouldn't give the reasons his decision.
☐ a of ☐ b for ☐ c why ☐ d from
39. Investigators are still trying to determine the of the accident.
☐ a reason ☐ b cause ☐ c reasonable ☐ d result
40. My wallet was when I was at the station.
☐ a stole ☐ b stolen ☐ c held ☐ d robbed
41. No amount of money can make the death of your father.
☐ a on ☐ b down ☐ c up ☐ d up for
42. My sister is good at making stories. They are wonderful!
☐ a for ☐ b out ☐ c off ☐ d up
43. She argued a more positive role for women.
☐ a with ☐ b on ☐ c about ☐ d for
44. I'd rather with my friends.
☐ a staying ☐ b stayed ☐ c to stay ☐ d stay
45. I'd rather go to the cinema watch TV.
☐ a to ☐ b too ☐ c rather than ☐ d than
46. I'd rather you early yesterday.
☐ a had slept ☐ b sleep ☐ c sleeping ☐ d slept
47. I'd prefer TV rather than sleep.
☐ a to watch ☐ b watching ☐ c watch ☐ d to watching
48. He prefers watching football playing it.
☐ a to ☐ b than ☐ c rather than ☐ d too
49. I'd rather you early today.
☐ a slept ☐ b sleep ☐ c sleeping ☐ d had slept
50. I'd prefer to have dinner at home go to restaurants.
☐ a rather than ☐ b other than ☐ c to ☐ d neither than

Test yourself on Grammar

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51. Which of the following is a conjunction?
☐ a without ☐ b poor ☐ c although ☐ d an
52. The doctor told Huda and Nabil to take care of
☐ a ourselves ☐ b herself ☐ c themselves ☐ d yourself
53. Z is last letter of the English alphabet.
☐ a no article ☐ b an ☐ c the ☐ d a
54. The teacher gave us homework for the next lesson.
☐ a a ☐ b many ☐ c some ☐ d any
55. Toka sings fast. Fast here is a / an
☐ a verb ☐ b noun ☐ c adverb ☐ d adjective
56. Which of the following is an adverb?
☐ a good ☐ b lovely ☐ c hard ☐ d friendly
57. They are walking with puppies.
☐ a them ☐ b theirs ☐ c there ☐ d their
58. I don't have homework tonight.
☐ a an ☐ b some ☐ c a ☐ d any
59. There are many people in houses here.
☐ a that ☐ b those ☐ c this ☐ d these
60. I read useful book yesterday.
☐ a no article ☐ b the ☐ c an ☐ d a
61. Toka seems fast. Fast here is a / an
☐ a verb ☐ b noun ☐ c adverb ☐ d adjective
62. He could not read it although he had written it.
☐ a himself ☐ b his ☐ c him ☐ d herself
63. There were people at the meeting, only twenty.
☐ a few ☐ b a little ☐ c any ☐ d little
64. The passengers' luggage searched carefully at the airport customs.
☐ a was ☐ b has ☐ c were ☐ d had
65. I need rice, please; I need a small amount.
☐ a a little ☐ b a few ☐ c few ☐ d much
66. Each of the a lot of time.
☐ a men is ☐ b men has ☐ c man have ☐ d man has
67. I have money, however I can buy my needs.
☐ a little ☐ b a little ☐ c few ☐ d many
68. There several boys playing in the middle of the road.
☐ a was ☐ b were ☐ c had ☐ d have
69. I have hardly money left; I spent all of it on clothes.
☐ a no ☐ b some ☐ c any ☐ d many
70. women play an important role in society.
☐ a An ☐ b The ☐ c No article ☐ d A
71. Hardly to get to work on time.
☐ a she manages ☐ b does she manage ☐ c does she manages ☐ d she doesn't manage
72. We can't live without water.
☐ a the ☐ b no article ☐ c an ☐ d a
73. My uncle works as a surgeon in European country.
☐ a a ☐ b an ☐ c the ☐ d no article
74. studying hard, we got low marks.
☐ a In spite of ☐ b However ☐ c Although ☐ d Whatever
75. He hasn't got luggage.
☐ a much ☐ b many ☐ c few ☐ d a few

76. We should all spread peace because it is the basis of stability.
☐ a ☐ an ☐ the ☐ no article
77. Your watch That's why you arrived late.
☐ was slowly ☐ had slow ☐ had slowly ☐ was slow
78. Few people saw the criminal, ?
☐ don't they ☐ do they ☐ didn't they ☐ did they
79. Everybody has finished the test..... ?
☐ hasn't he ☐ has he ☐ have they ☐ haven't they
80. Ali is 8-year-old boy and other boys are bullying him.
☐ the ☐ a ☐ an ☐ no article
81. I need advice about how to find safe websites.
☐ an ☐ a ☐ some ☐ the
82. We enjoyed the football match the dust storm.
☐ in spite ☐ in case ☐ despite ☐ because
83. I know Sarah because we play tennis together every Sunday.
☐ good ☐ nice ☐ well ☐ fine
84. He could hardly breathe, ?
☐ couldn't he ☐ could he ☐ didn't he ☐ had he
85. You'd better have fruits, ?
☐ wouldn't you ☐ hadn't you ☐ had you ☐ hadn't I
86. Little money was lost, ?
☐ was money ☐ was it ☐ wasn't it ☐ wasn't money
87. We tidied that room
☐ our ☐ ourselves ☐ ours ☐ we
88. He heard the news. The news bad.
☐ was ☐ are ☐ with ☐ were
89. He was staring at the enemy.
☐ hard ☐ hardly ☐ hardening ☐ hardy
90. I work I can.
☐ as hard as ☐ as hardly as ☐ so hardly as ☐ as hardly
91. I wish I well in English test last year.
☐ had done ☐ will done ☐ did ☐ have done
92. Toka never read this novel, ?
☐ don't she ☐ doesn't she ☐ didn't she ☐ did she
93. You like horror films, ?
☐ do I ☐ don't I ☐ do you ☐ don't you
94. Nothing can change the fact..... ?
☐ can't they ☐ can nothing ☐ can they ☐ can it
95. Ali's on holiday, ?
☐ hasn't he ☐ is not he ☐ isn't Ali ☐ isn't he
96. Every child has to wear uniform in the primary stage.
☐ a ☐ the ☐ no article ☐ an
97. Nothing can be achieved, ?
☐ can it ☐ can't it ☐ can nothing ☐ can they
98. Egypt has unique location in the world.
☐ a ☐ the ☐ an ☐ no Article
99. money he has, he feels miserable.
☐ Whatever ☐ Despite ☐ However ☐ Though
100. Aya's guitar is very and she plays it quite
☐ beautiful / well ☐ more beautiful / good ☐ beautifully / the best ☐ as beautiful as / better

Test yourself on Punctuation marks & Writing

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101. Which sentence is punctuated correctly?
 (a) What a wonderful idea! Let's add it to our options.
 (b) What a wonderful idea! Lets add it to our options.
 (c) What a wonderful idea? Let's add it to our options.
 (d) What a wonderful idea. Lets add it to our options.
102. Which of the following has the correct ending punctuation marks?
 (a) Were they faster, they'd catch up with their friends?
 (b) Were they faster, they'd catch up with their friends!
 (c) Were they faster, they'd catch up with their friends.
 (d) Were they faster, they'd catch up with their friends:
103. Which of the following has the correct ending punctuation marks?
 (a) No sooner had I studied than I slept. (b) No sooner had I studied than I slept?
 (c) No sooner had I studied than I slept. (d) no sooner had I studied than I slept.
104. Which can be used in the blanks: He found his book, didn't he
 (a) a full stop (b) a question mark (c) an exclamation mark (d) an apostrophe
105. Which sentence is punctuated correctly?
 (a) Ali said, "Did my friend call yesterday?" (b) Ali said, "Did my friend call yesterday.
 (c) Ali said, "Did my friend call yesterday?" (d) Ali said, "did my friend call yesterday?"
106. Which sentence must be ended with a full stop (.)?
 (a) Why did you come late yesterday (b) What a fashionable dress
 (c) She wondered where I had hidden the documents (d) How great
107. Which sentence is punctuated correctly?
 (a) the teacher said to the girl, "If you are late to school again, you will be punished".
 (b) The teacher said to the girl, "if you are late to school again, you will be punished".
 (c) The teacher said to the girl, "If you are late to school again you will be punished."
 (d) The teacher said to the girl, "If you are late to school again, you will be punished".
108. Which sentence of the following is correctly punctuated?
 (a) Aya why didn't you do your homework! (b) Aya Why didn't you do your homework.
 (c) Aya, why didn't you do your homework? (d) Aya, Why you didn't do your homework?
109. Which of the following is punctuated correctly?
 (a) We're invited to the birthday party of our friends ten-year-old child.
 (b) We re invited to the birthday party of our friend's ten year-old child.
 (c) We're invited to the birthday party of our friend's ten-year-old child.
 (d) We're invited to the birthday party of our friend's ten-year old child.
110. Which sentence of the following is correctly punctuated?
 (a) The woman, Whose children are the same age as ours, invited us for dinner
 (b) The woman, whose children are the same age as ours, invited us for dinner.
 (c) The woman whose children are the same age as ours, invited us for dinner.
 (d) The woman, whose children are the same age as ours; invited us for dinner.
111. You do not include in a closing paragraph.
 (a) moral (b) final results (c) hook (d) concluding sentences
112. restates the topic sentence or the main idea of the paragraph.
 (a) the conclusion sentence (b) the exclusive sentence
 (c) the topic sentence (d) the supporting sentence
113. We use "Consequently" in a paragraph or an essay to
 (a) introduce the result of something (b) give a reason for something
 (c) give contrasting information (d) introduce a summary of the main points
114. The explains and supports the ideas of the paragraph.
 (a) Introduction (b) Body (c) Hook (d) Conclusion

115. In the , you can restate the introductory paragraph.
☐ a body ☐ b conclusion ☐ c thesis ☐ d topic sentence
116. sentence introduces what the paragraph will say
☐ a closing ☐ b introduction ☐ c conclusion ☐ d supporting
117. Which of these transitions is used to show a contrast?
☐ a For example ☐ b However ☐ c Due to ☐ d Personally
118. Which of these transitions is used to show a conclusion?
☐ a In short ☐ b Due to ☐ c In addition ☐ d Consequently
119. Which of these transitions is used to show addition?
☐ a Furthermore ☐ b Consequently ☐ c Whilst ☐ d Due to
120. You can include in the first paragraph.
☐ a hook ☐ b final results ☐ c moral ☐ d concluding sentences
121. A/An is included in the introduction of an essay.
☐ a final ☐ b conclusion ☐ c summary of the paper ☐ d thesis statement
122. A/An essay seeks to make the reader agree with the writer's point of view.
☐ a narrative ☐ b descriptive ☐ c argumentative ☐ d persuasive
123. Which of these transitions is used to show a reason?
☐ a Similarly ☐ b Whilst ☐ c Due to ☐ d Consequently
124. Which of the following is used when ending an essay?
☐ a In conclusion ☐ b To start with ☐ c First of all ☐ d Moreover
125. We can use to express addition.
☐ a although ☐ b because ☐ c so ☐ d as well as
126. In an informal email, you CAN'T conclude it with " ".
☐ a Bye ☐ b Yours sincerely ☐ c See you later ☐ d See you soon
127. Reading enables us to widen our horizons. Moreover, it's an amazing source of information.
 Moreover here shows
☐ a contrast ☐ b addition ☐ c condition ☐ d reason
128. Typically, what should you do in your conclusion after you restate the thesis?
☐ a Summarize every detail of your whole essay ☐ b Summarize your main points
☐ c Leave your reader thinking ☐ d Demand the reader agree with you
129. One can close an informal email with " ".
☐ a Bye ☐ b Yours sincerely ☐ c Yours faithfully ☐ d Best wishes
130. In a formal email, you can conclude with
☐ a See you soon ☐ b See you later ☐ c Yours sincerely ☐ d Bye
131. "To: Ali 2021@yahoo.com". This email account refers to the
☐ a recipient ☐ b transmitter ☐ c address line ☐ d sender
132. "About: good news". This field refers to the
☐ a subject ☐ b receiver ☐ c addressee ☐ d sender
133. "From: Ahmed 2020 @yahoo.com". This email account refers to the
☐ a recipient ☐ b receiver ☐ c addressee ☐ d sender
134. Which sentence is incomplete?
☐ a She studied hard last year. ☐ b The old building collapsed.
☐ c Open your bag. ☐ d He good at English.
135. Which of the following sentences is complete?
☐ a Would you like to buy? ☐ b Would you like to buy a car?
☐ c Would you like buy car? ☐ d You like buy a car?
136. Which of the following sentences can be used to start a paragraph on overpopulation
☐ a To sum up, facing overpopulation is the responsibility of the government as well as individuals
☐ b It is taken for granted that overpopulation is one of the biggest challenges we need to face
☐ c However, some people still insist on having big families
☐ d In addition, it is not easy to provide jobs for the increasing numbers of graduates

Test yourself on Translation

137. إن الأمية مشكلة اجتماعية ولذلك لابد أن نبذل جهوداً كبيرة للقضاء عليها.

- (a) Literacy is a social problem so we should make great efforts to get rid of it.
- (b) Illiteracy is a social problem so we should make great efforts to get rid of it.
- (c) Illiteracy has a sociable problem so we should make efforts to get rid of it.
- (d) Illiteracy is a social problem as we should make great efforts to get rid of it.

138. لا يمكن للدول أن تستغنى عن مصر لدورها الرائد في المنطقة.

- (a) Countries can't dispense Egypt to its pioneering role in the area.
- (b) Countries can't dispense Egypt for it's pioneering role in the area.
- (c) Countries can't dispense Egypt for it pioneering role in the area.
- (d) Countries can't dispense Egypt for its pioneering role in the area.

139. يعتمد النجاح في الحياة على الصبر والعمل الجاد.

- (a) Succeed in life depends on patient and hard work.
- (b) Successful in life depends on patience and hard work.
- (c) Success in life depend on patience and hard work.
- (d) Success in life depends on patience and hard work.

140. يجب على كل مصرى أن يتفهم مشاكلنا ويبذل الجهد فى سبيل حلها.

- (a) Every Egyptian must understand their problems and does his best to solve them.
- (b) Every Egyptian must understand his problems and does his best to solve it.
- (c) Every Egyptian must understand our problems and does their best to solve them.
- (d) Every Egyptian must understand our problem and does his best to solve it.

141. يجب أن نعمل بجد حتى تصبح مصر دولة متقدمة.

- (a) We should work hard so that Egypt will become a developing country.
- (b) We should work hard so that Egypt will become a developed country.
- (c) We should work hardly so that Egypt will become a developed country.
- (d) We should work hardly so that Egypt will become developed country.

□

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142. يلعب الاعلام دورا حيويا في تشكيل الوعي بين المواطنين.

- (a) Mass media play a vital role for forming awareness among citizen.
- (b) Mass media play a vital rule in forming awareness among citizens.
- (c) Mass media play a vital role in farming awareness among citizen.
- (d) Mass media play a vital role in forming awareness among citizens.

143. Education is considered one of the most important factors on which the renaissance of nations is based.

- (a) يعد التعليم أحد أهم العوامل التي تقوم عليها نهضة الأمم.
- (b) يعد التعليم أحادي أهم العوامل التي تقوم عليها نهضة الأمم.
- (c) يعد التعليم أحد أهم العوامل التي تقوم عليها صناعة الأمم.
- (d) يعد التعليم أحد أهم المصانع التي تقوم عليها نهضة الأمم.

144. Exporting our products abroad will help to develop our economy and get more hard currency.

- (a) إن تصدير منتجاتنا إلى الخارج سوف يساعد فى تطوير اقتصادنا والحصول على المزيد من العملة الشاقة.
- (b) إن استيراد منتجاتنا إلى الخارج ساعدنا فى تطوير اقتصادنا والحصول على المزيد من العملة الصعبة.
- (c) إن تصدير منتجاتنا إلى الخارج سوف يساعد فى تدمير اقتصادنا والحصول على المزيد من العملة الصعبة.
- (d) إن تصدير منتجاتنا إلى الخارج سوف يساعد فى تطوير اقتصادنا والحصول على المزيد من العملة الصعبة.

145. Sports teach us discipline, value of time and team spirit which help us beat every challenge and achieve success in our life.

- (a) تعلمنا الرياضة الانضباط وقيمة الوقت وروح الفريق التي تساعدنا على التغلب على كل تحدي وتحقيق الأمل في حياتنا.
- (b) تعلمنا الرياضة الانضباط وقيمة الوقت وروح الفريق التي تساعدنا على التغلب على كل تحدي وتحقيق التقدم في حياتنا.
- (c) تعلمنا الرياضة الانضباط وقيمة الوقت وروح الفريق التي تعوقنا على التغلب على كل تحدي وتحقيق النجاح في حياتنا.
- (d) تعلمنا الرياضة الانضباط وقيمة الوقت وروح الفريق التي تساعدنا على التغلب على كل تحدي وتحقيق النجاح في حياتنا.

146. If you want to achieve your success, you should make it on your own. You should have patience, willingness and self-confidence.
- Ⓐ إذا كنت ترغب في تحقيق نجاحك ، فيجب عليك تحقيقه بنفسك. يجب التحلي بالصبر والرغبة والثقة بالنفس.
 Ⓑ إذا كنت ترغب في تحقيق نجاحك ، فلا يجب تحقيقه بنفسك. يجب التحلي بالصبر والرغبة والثقة بالنفس.
 Ⓒ إذا كنت ترغب في تحقيق نجاحك ، فيجب عليك تحقيقه بنفسك. يجب التحلي بالعنف والرغبة والثقة بالنفس.
 Ⓓ إذا كنت ترغب في تحقيق أملك ، فيجب عليك تحقيقه بنفسك. يجب التحلي بالصبر والرغبة والثقة بالنفس.
147. Success never comes by chance so you must work hard to achieve your goals and to be an effective member in your country.
- Ⓐ النجاح لا يأتي صدفة لذلك عليك أن تعمل بجد لتحقيق أهدافك وتكون عضو فعال في بلدك.
 Ⓑ النجاح يأتي صدفة لذلك عليك أن تعمل لتحقيق أهدافك وتكون عضو فعال في بلدك.
 Ⓒ النجاح يأتي صدفة لذلك عليك أن تعمل بجد لتحقيق أهدافك وتكون عضو فعال في بلدك.
 Ⓓ النجاح لا يأتي صدفة لذلك عليك أن تعمل بجد لتحقيق أهدافك وتكون عضو غير فعال في بلدك.
148. Crimes committed by youth are increasing all over the world. This is a serious problem which worries people and needs a solution.
- Ⓐ الجرائم التي يرتكبها الشباب تتزايد في كل أنحاء العالم. وهذه مشكلة بارزة تقلق الناس وتحتاج إلى حل.
 Ⓑ الجرائم التي يرتكبها الشباب تتزايد في كل أنحاء العالم. وهذه مشكلة خطيرة تقلق الناس وتحتاج إلى حل.
 Ⓒ الجرائم التي يرتكبها المجرمين تتزايد في كل أنحاء العالم. وهذه مشكلة خطيرة تقلق الناس وتحتاج إلى حل.
 Ⓓ الجرائم التي يرتكبها الشباب تتزايد في كل أنحاء الدولة. وهذه مشكلة خطيرة تقلق الناس وتحتاج إلى حل.

Test yourself on passage

Some doctors think that you should drink a glass of water each morning. You should drink this water first thing, before doing anything else. The temperature of the water should be similar to body temperature; neither too hot nor too cold.

Why should you drink this water? Water helps your body in many ways. It helps clean out your kidneys. It prepares your stomach for digestion. Water can also help your intestines work better. After drinking water, the intestines can more easily take out nutrients from our food. Water also helps us go to the bathroom more easily.

Scientists suggest that people take in 1,600 milliliters of water each day. But don't drink all of that water in one sitting. If you do, your kidneys will have to work much harder to eliminate it. It's better to drink some in the morning and some in the afternoon. Some people think it's better to drink between meals and not during meals. They think water dilutes the juices produced in our stomachs. This can interfere with normal digestion.

Are you drinking enough water every day? Check the color of your urine. If it is light yellow, you are probably drinking enough. If your urine is very dark yellow, you probably need to drink more water. A little more water each day could make you much healthier!

149. What could be a good title for this reading?

- Ⓐ "Drink Water, Not Soft Drinks" Ⓑ "Drink During Meals"
 Ⓒ "Drink Between Meals" Ⓓ "Drink Enough Water"

150. Which of the following is NOT a reason to drink water?

- Ⓐ So your intestines will work well. Ⓑ To get more nutrients.
 Ⓒ To clean out your kidneys. Ⓓ To dilute your stomach juices.

151. What is the synonym of "eliminate"?

- Ⓐ add Ⓑ keep Ⓒ permit Ⓓ get rid of

152. Why is it helpful to drink water in the morning?

- Ⓐ Your kidneys will work harder. Ⓑ Your intestines will work well.
 Ⓒ Your juices will be diluted. Ⓓ Your urine will be pale yellow.

153. Why is it better to drink between meals?

- Ⓐ So you eat enough food. Ⓑ So you don't dilute stomach juices.
 Ⓒ So your urine will not smell bad. Ⓓ So you don't overwork your kidneys.

154. Why is dark-colored urine a sign to drink more water?

- ☐ a It shows our body is healthy.
- ☐ b It means our kidneys are working too hard.
- ☐ c less water makes the color darker.
- ☐ d It is the same color as our digestive juices.

155. This passage can be a part of a/an

- ☐ a article
- ☐ b novel
- ☐ c CV
- ☐ d poem

156. "In one sitting" in the passage means about a subject.

- ☐ a all at once
- ☐ b while you are sitting
- ☐ c slowly
- ☐ d bit by bit

157. The underlined pronoun "it" refers to

- ☐ a urine
- ☐ b water
- ☐ c kidney
- ☐ d yellow

Many parents need help to deal with their children's naughty behaviour at home. The first positive discipline technique is for parents to remain calm because nervous parents do not get good results. Parents who cannot often remain calm find that their children stop taking any notice of them. The second challenge is to know how to correct bad behaviour in an effective way. For instance, punishing children by preventing them from watching their favourite TV programme is not an ideal solution. Parents should establish clear rules for children to follow. If children refuse to follow these, they know they will be disciplined. The most effective way of encouraging good behaviour is to give positive feedback as often as possible, to show that it is not only naughtiness that attracts attention. As you think about how to discipline your child, it's important to remember that the word discipline is rooted in meanings of learning and teaching. The best way to discipline your child is to help him/her make better choices. You can role play the behaviours, using a calm voice. Be encouraging when they make the right choices. Finally, you must know that discipline can help your child learn how to behave – as well as how not to behave. It works best when you have a warm and loving relationship with your child.

158. The article suggests that parents should be to get results for children discipline.

- ☐ a calm
- ☐ b eager
- ☐ c worried
- ☐ d nervous

159. According to the article, the best way to correct a children's bad behaviour is

- ☐ a punishing children
- ☐ b hitting them hard.
- ☐ c establishing clear rules for children to follow.
- ☐ d preventing them from watching their favourite TV program.

160. The underlined pronoun "them" refers to.

- ☐ a writers
- ☐ b parents
- ☐ c techniques
- ☐ d children

161. The article suggests that in order to discipline children, parents first of all should

- ☐ a treat them as harshly as possible
- ☐ b stop beating them
- ☐ c find an effective way to correct their children's behaviour
- ☐ d teach them how they have to behave themselves

162. Instead of punishing children, parents should

- ☐ a praise them all the time
- ☐ b give them negative feedback
- ☐ c encourage them to follow the necessary rules
- ☐ d give them everything they ask for

163. According to the article, what happens when parents get angry too often?

- ☐ a Their children follow the rules of a good behaviour.
- ☐ b Their children become frightened of them.
- ☐ c Their children do what they want at once.
- ☐ d Their children stop taking notice of them.

164. A suitable title to this passage would be

- ☐ a "How to reward good children"
- ☐ b "How to punish naughty children effectively"
- ☐ c "How to discipline naughty children"
- ☐ d "How to set role models for children"

165. How do you think role play can help discipline children?

- ☐ a Children can imitate their parents.
- ☐ b Children can have roles to play at school.
- ☐ c Children are encouraged to tell their parents about their needs.
- ☐ d Children can understand why they are punished.

للصف الثالث الثانوى

ای حد هیئت
هیئتفضح ص



يوم الامتحان هتتهان هتتهان

الساعة:

165

□ نموذج

ic

**ملحوظة الإجابة عن طريق
تظليل الحرف فقط يا فاشل**



Test yourself on Language notes

50

1. Everyone mistakes when they're learning something new.
 (a) make (b) **makes** (c) do (d) does
2. I hope I have the right decision to improve my life style.
 (a) done (b) **made** (c) seen (d) been
3. This ingredient also has the of making your skin look younger.
 (a) affect (b) **effect** (c) effective (d) effectively
4. The youngsters gradually confidence in their abilities.
 (a) won (b) win (c) earn (d) **gain**
5. The project has had a direct on the lives of one million people.
 (a) effectively (b) effective (c) affect (d) **effect**
6. The press is on the way people react in everyday life.
 (a) association (b) affect (c) influence (d) **effective**
7. Reading novels describes new and exciting which we can benefit.
 (a) experienced (b) experience (c) **experiences** (d) an experience
8. Mai promised me to her best in her next exams.
 (a) make (b) does (c) **do** (d) made
9. The firm needs an to work as an accountant.
 (a) employ (b) employer (c) **employee** (d) employment
10. He has changed so much that I couldn't him.
 (a) **recognise** (b) release (c) realise (d) specialize
11. They didn't the danger they were in.
 (a) **realise** (b) recognised (c) release (d) identify
12. Nobody should drive while they are under the of alcohol.
 (a) **influence** (b) affect (c) effective (d) influential
13. I've a lot of weight recently.
 (a) win (b) earned (c) beat (d) **gained**
14. Ali as well as his friends clever plans.
 (a) do (b) does (c) make (d) **makes**
15. The training scheme aims to make people more
 (a) unemployed (b) employment (c) unemployment (d) **employable**
16. The doctor recommended him up smoking.
 (a) giving (b) gives (c) gave (d) **to give**
17. need special care.
 (a) The disability (b) abled (c) disabled (d) **The disabled**
18. I feel during the exams.
 (a) confusing (b) confusion (c) confusingly (d) **confused** ☐
19. My friend recommended that I quickly for the next exam.
 (a) revised (b) revising (c) **should revise** (d) had revised
20. She is unable to her ideas to other people.
 (a) communicate (b) contact (c) **connect** (d) contract
21. A lot of Egyptians need to work their pronunciation.
 (a) as (b) in (c) **on** (d) with
22. He physics from Cambridge University.
 (a) a graduate of (b) **graduated in** (c) graduated from (d) a graduate in
23. His political ended when he was found to have been accepting bribes.
 (a) profession (b) **career** (c) work (d) job ☐
24. Mai graduated medical school last year.
 (a) in (b) **from** (c) of (d) with
25. I am a Cairo university.
 (a) graduate from (b) **graduate of** (c) graduated from (d) grade

26. She works a consultant for a design company.
 (a) on (b) **as** (c) so (d) from
27. This book a lot of important information.
 (a) consists (b) **includes** (c) conclude (d) have
28. We have good with the local community.
 (a) communicates (b) **contacts** (c) connects (d) connection
29. Can you hold this nail in while I hammer it into the door?
 (a) destination (b) **position** (c) site (d) location
30. Detectives are still looking the escaped prisoner.
 (a) at (b) **for** (c) up (d) after
31. My computer is to the printer to print exam papers.
 (a) communicated (b) contacted (c) **connected** (d) disconnected
32. Do you know the reason the shop is closed today?
 (a) which (b) that (c) **why** (d) whose
33. She's keen playing tennis.
 (a) from (b) with (c) **on** (d) in
34. As a freelance accountant. I can choose exactly which project to
 (a) take to (b) take off (c) **take on** (d) take after
35. Our teacher always has all students take in debates.
 (a) place (b) off (c) **part** (d) away
36. I need to take some time to see my mother.
 (a) place (b) **off** (c) on (d) up
37. A committee was set up to look the causes of the accident.
 (a) forward to (b) **into** (c) up (d) after
38. He wouldn't give the reasons his decision.
 (a) of (b) **for** (c) why (d) from
39. Investigators are still trying to determine the of the accident.
 (a) reason (b) **cause** (c) reasonable (d) result
40. My wallet was when I was at the station.
 (a) stole (b) **stolen** (c) held (d) robbed
41. No amount of money can make the death of your father.
 (a) on (b) down (c) up (d) **up for**
42. My sister is good at making stories. They are wonderful!
 (a) for (b) out (c) off (d) **up**
43. She argued a more positive role for women.
 (a) with (b) on (c) about (d) **for**
44. I'd rather with my friends.
 (a) staying (b) stayed (c) to stay (d) **stay**
45. I'd rather go to the cinema watch TV.
 (a) to (b) too (c) rather than (d) **than**
46. I'd rather you early yesterday.
 (a) **had slept** (b) sleep (c) sleeping (d) slept
47. I'd prefer TV rather than sleep.
 (a) **to watch** (b) watching (c) watch (d) to watching
48. He prefers watching football playing it.
 (a) **to** (b) than (c) rather than (d) too
49. I'd rather you early today.
 (a) **slept** (b) sleep (c) sleeping (d) had slept
50. I'd prefer to have dinner at home go to restaurants.
 (a) **rather than** (b) other than (c) to (d) neither than

Test yourself on Grammar

50

51. Which of the following is a conjunction?
☐ a without ☐ b poor ☒ c although ☐ d an
52. The doctor told Huda and Nabil to take care of
☐ a ourselves ☐ b herself ☒ c themselves ☐ d yourself
53. Z is last letter of the English alphabet.
☐ a no article ☐ b an ☒ c the ☐ d a
54. The teacher gave us homework for the next lesson.
☐ a a ☐ b many ☒ c some ☐ d any
55. Toka sings fast. Fast here is a / an
☐ a verb ☐ b noun ☒ c adverb ☐ d adjective
56. Which of the following is an adverb?
☐ a good ☐ b lovely ☒ c hard ☐ d friendly
57. They are walking with puppies.
☐ a them ☐ b theirs ☒ c there ☐ d their
58. I don't have homework tonight.
☐ a an ☐ b some ☒ c a ☐ d any
59. There are many people in houses here.
☐ a that ☐ b those ☒ c this ☐ d these
60. I read useful book yesterday.
☐ a no article ☐ b the ☒ c an ☐ d a
61. Toka seems fast. Fast here is a / an
☐ a verb ☐ b noun ☒ c adverb ☐ d adjective
62. He could not read it although he had written it.
☒ a himself ☐ b his ☒ c him ☐ d herself
63. There were people at the meeting, only twenty.
☒ a few ☐ b a little ☒ c any ☐ d little
64. The passengers' luggage searched carefully at the airport customs.
☒ a was ☐ b has ☒ c were ☐ d had
65. I need rice, please; I need a small amount.
☒ a a little ☐ b a few ☒ c few ☐ d much
66. Each of the a lot of time.
☐ a men is ☒ b men has ☒ c man have ☐ d man has
67. I have money, however I can buy my needs.
☐ a little ☒ b a little ☒ c few ☐ d many
68. There several boys playing in the middle of the road.
☐ a was ☒ b were ☒ c had ☐ d have
69. I have hardly money left; I spent all of it on clothes.
☐ a no ☐ b some ☒ c any ☐ d many
70. women play an important role in society.
☐ a An ☐ b The ☒ c No article ☐ d A
71. Hardly to get to work on time.
☐ a she manages ☒ b does she manage ☒ c does she manages ☐ d she doesn't manage
72. We can't live without water.
☐ a the ☒ b no article ☒ c an ☐ d a
73. My uncle works as a surgeon in European country.
☒ a a ☐ b an ☒ c the ☐ d no article
74. studying hard, we got low marks.
☒ a In spite of ☐ b However ☒ c Although ☐ d Whatever
75. He hasn't got luggage.
☒ a much ☐ b many ☒ c few ☐ d a few

76. We should all spread peace because it is the basis of stability.
☐ a ☐ an ☐ the ☐ no article
77. Your watch That's why you arrived late.
☐ was slowly ☐ had slow ☐ had slowly ☐ was slow
78. Few people saw the criminal, ?
☐ don't they ☐ do they ☐ didn't they ☐ did they
79. Everybody has finished the test..... ?
☐ hasn't he ☐ has he ☐ have they ☐ haven't they
80. Ali is 8-year-old boy and other boys are bullying him.
☐ the ☐ a ☐ an ☐ no article
81. I need advice about how to find safe websites.
☐ an ☐ a ☐ some ☐ the
82. We enjoyed the football match the dust storm.
☐ in spite ☐ in case ☐ despite ☐ because
83. I know Sarah because we play tennis together every Sunday.
☐ good ☐ nice ☐ well ☐ fine
84. He could hardly breathe, ?
☐ couldn't he ☐ could he ☐ didn't he ☐ had he
85. You'd better have fruits, ?
☐ wouldn't you ☐ hadn't you ☐ had you ☐ hadn't I
86. Little money was lost, ?
☐ was money ☐ was it ☐ wasn't it ☐ wasn't money
87. We tidied that room
☐ our ☐ ourselves ☐ ours ☐ we
88. He heard the news. The news bad.
☐ was ☐ are ☐ with ☐ were
89. He was staring at the enemy.
☐ hard ☐ hardly ☐ hardening ☐ hardy
90. I work I can.
☐ as hard as ☐ as hardly as ☐ so hardly as ☐ as hardly
91. I wish I well in English test last year.
☐ had done ☐ will done ☐ did ☐ have done
92. Toka never read this novel, ?
☐ don't she ☐ doesn't she ☐ didn't she ☐ did she
93. You like horror films, ?
☐ do I ☐ don't I ☐ do you ☐ don't you
94. Nothing can change the fact..... ?
☐ can't they ☐ can nothing ☐ can they ☐ can it
95. Ali's on holiday, ?
☐ hasn't he ☐ is not he ☐ isn't Ali ☐ isn't he
96. Every child has to wear uniform in the primary stage.
☐ a ☐ the ☐ no article ☐ an
97. Nothing can be achieved, ?
☐ can it ☐ can't it ☐ can nothing ☐ can they
98. Egypt has unique location in the world.
☐ a ☐ the ☐ an ☐ no Article
99. money he has, he feels miserable.
☐ Whatever ☐ Despite ☐ However ☐ Though
100. Aya's guitar is very and she plays it quite
☐ beautiful / well ☐ more beautiful / good ☐ beautifully / the best ☐ as beautiful as / better

Test yourself on Punctuation marks & Writing

36

101. Which sentence is punctuated correctly?
 (a) What a wonderful idea! Let's add it to our options.
 (b) What a wonderful idea! Lets add it to our options.
 (c) What a wonderful idea? Let's add it to our options.
 (d) What a wonderful idea. Lets add it to our options.
102. Which of the following has the correct ending punctuation marks?
 (a) Were they faster, they'd catch up with their friends?
 (b) Were they faster, they'd catch up with their friends!
 (c) Were they faster, they'd catch up with their friends.
 (d) Were they faster, they'd catch up with their friends:
103. Which of the following has the correct ending punctuation marks?
 (a) No sooner had I studied than I slept.
 (b) No sooner had I studied than I slept?
 (c) No sooner had I studied than I slept.
 (d) no sooner had I studied than I slept.
104. Which can be used in the blanks: He found his book, didn't he
 (a) a full stop (b) a question mark (c) an exclamation mark (d) an apostrophe
105. Which sentence is punctuated correctly?
 (a) Ali said, "Did my friend call yesterday?"
 (b) Ali said, "Did my friend call yesterday.
 (c) Ali said, "Did my friend call yesterday?"
 (d) Ali said, "did my friend call yesterday?"
106. Which sentence must be ended with a full stop (.)?
 (a) Why did you come late yesterday
 (b) What a fashionable dress
 (c) She wondered where I had hidden the documents
 (d) How great
107. Which sentence is punctuated correctly?
 (a) the teacher said to the girl, "If you are late to school again, you will be punished".
 (b) The teacher said to the girl, "if you are late to school again, you will be punished".
 (c) The teacher said to the girl, "If you are late to school again you will be punished."
 (d) The teacher said to the girl, "If you are late to school again, you will be punished".
108. Which sentence of the following is correctly punctuated?
 (a) Aya why didn't you do your homework!
 (b) Aya Why didn't you do your homework.
 (c) Aya, why didn't you do your homework?
 (d) Aya, Why you didn't do your homework?
109. Which of the following is punctuated correctly?
 (a) We're invited to the birthday party of our friends ten-year-old child.
 (b) We re invited to the birthday party of our friend's ten year-old child.
 (c) We're invited to the birthday party of our friend's ten-year-old child.
 (d) We're invited to the birthday party of our friend's ten-year old child.□
110. Which sentence of the following is correctly punctuated?
 (a) The woman, Whose children are the same age as ours, invited us for dinner
 (b) The woman, whose children are the same age as ours, invited us for dinner.
 (c) The woman whose children are the same age as ours, invited us for dinner.
 (d) The woman, whose children are the same age as ours; invited us for dinner.
111. You do not include in a closing paragraph.
 (a) moral (b) final results (c) hook (d) concluding sentences
112. restates the topic sentence or the main idea of the paragraph.
 (a) the conclusion sentence
 (b) the exclusive sentence
 (c) the topic sentence
 (d) the supporting sentence
113. We use "Consequently" in a paragraph or an essay to
 (a) introduce the result of something
 (b) give a reason for something
 (c) give contrasting information
 (d) introduce a summary of the main points
114. The explains and supports the ideas of the paragraph.
 (a) Introduction (b) Body (c) Hook (d) Conclusion

115. In the , you can restate the introductory paragraph.
 (a) body (b) **conclusion** (c) thesis (d) topic sentence
116. sentence introduces what the paragraph will say
 (a) closing (b) **introduction** (c) conclusion (d) supporting
117. Which of these transitions is used to show a contrast?
 (a) For example (b) **However** (c) Due to (d) Personally
118. Which of these transitions is used to show a conclusion?
 (a) **In short** (b) Due to (c) In addition (d) Consequently
119. Which of these transitions is used to show addition?
 (a) **Furthermore** (b) Consequently (c) Whilst (d) Due to
120. You can include in the first paragraph.
 (a) **hook** (b) final results (c) moral (d) concluding sentences
121. A/An is included in the introduction of an essay.
 (a) final (b) conclusion (c) summary of the paper (d) **thesis statement** ☐
122. A/An essay seeks to make the reader agree with the writer's point of view.
 (a) narrative (b) descriptive (c) argumentative (d) **persuasive**
123. Which of these transitions is used to show a reason?
 (a) Similarly (b) Whilst (c) **Due to** (d) Consequently
124. Which of the following is used when ending an essay?
 (a) **In conclusion** (b) To start with (c) First of all (d) Moreover
125. We can use to express addition.
 (a) although (b) because (c) so (d) **as well as**
126. In an informal email, you CAN'T conclude it with " ".
 (a) Bye (b) **Yours sincerely** (c) See you later (d) See you soon
127. Reading enables us to widen our horizons. Moreover, it's an amazing source of information.
 Moreover here shows
 (a) contrast (b) **addition** (c) condition (d) reason
128. Typically, what should you do in your conclusion after you restate the thesis?
 (a) Summarize every detail of your whole essay (b) **Summarize your main points**
 (c) Leave your reader thinking (d) Demand the reader agree with you
129. One can close an informal email with " ".
 (a) **Bye** (b) Yours sincerely (c) Yours faithfully (d) Best wishes
130. In a formal email, you can conclude with
 (a) See you soon (b) See you later (c) **Yours sincerely** (d) Bye
131. "To: Ali 2021@yahoo.com". This email account refers to the
 (a) **recipient** (b) transmitter (c) address line (d) sender
132. "About: good news". This field refers to the
 (a) **subject** (b) receiver (c) addressee (d) sender
133. "From: Ahmed 2020 @yahoo.com". This email account refers to the
 (a) recipient (b) receiver (c) addressee (d) **sender**
134. Which sentence is incomplete?
 (a) She studied hard last year. (b) The old building collapsed.
 (c) Open your bag. (d) **He good at English.**
135. Which of the following sentences is complete?
 (a) Would you like to buy? (b) **Would you like to buy a car?**
 (c) Would you like buy car? (d) You like buy a car?
136. Which of the following sentences can be used to start a paragraph on overpopulation
 (a) To sum up, facing overpopulation is the responsibility of the government as well as individuals
 (b) **It is taken for granted that overpopulation is one of the biggest challenges we need to face**
 (c) However, some people still insist on having big families
 (d) In addition, it is not easy to provide jobs for the increasing numbers of graduates ☐

Test yourself on Translation

137. إن الأمية مشكلة اجتماعية ولذلك لابد أن نبذل جهوداً كبيرة للقضاء عليها.

- (a) Literacy is a social problem so we should make great efforts to get rid of it.
- (b) Illiteracy is a social problem so we should make great efforts to get rid of it.
- (c) Illiteracy has a sociable problem so we should make efforts to get rid of it.
- (d) Illiteracy is a social problem as we should make great efforts to get rid of it.

138. لا يمكن للدول أن تستغنى عن مصر لدورها الرائد في المنطقة.

- (a) Countries can't dispense Egypt to its pioneering role in the area.
- (b) Countries can't dispense Egypt for it's pioneering role in the area.
- (c) Countries can't dispense Egypt for it pioneering role in the area.
- (d) Countries can't dispense Egypt for its pioneering role in the area.

139. يعتمد النجاح في الحياة على الصبر والعمل الجاد.

- (a) Succeed in life depends on patient and hard work.
- (b) Successful in life depends on patience and hard work.
- (c) Success in life depend on patience and hard work.
- (d) Success in life depends on patience and hard work. □

140. يجب على كل مصرى أن يتفهم مشاكلنا ويبذل الجهد في سبيل حلها.

- (a) Every Egyptian must understand their problems and does his best to solve them.
- (b) Every Egyptian must understand his problems and does his best to solve it.
- (c) Every Egyptian must understand our problems and does their best to solve them.
- (d) Every Egyptian must understand our problem and does his best to solve it.

141. يجب أن نعمل بجد حتى تصبح مصر دولة متقدمة.

- (a) We should work hard so that Egypt will become a developing country.
- (b) We should work hard so that Egypt will become a developed country.
- (c) We should work hardly so that Egypt will become a developed country.
- (d) We should work hardly so that Egypt will become developed country. □

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142. يلعب الاعلام دورا حيويا في تشكيل الوعي بين المواطنين.

- (a) Mass media play a vital role for forming awareness among citizen.
- (b) Mass media play a vital rule in forming awareness among citizens.
- (c) Mass media play a vital role in farming awareness among citizen.
- (d) Mass media play a vital role in forming awareness among citizens.

143. Education is considered one of the most important factors on which the renaissance of nations is based.

- (a) يعد التعليم أحد أهم العوامل التي تقوم عليها نهضة الأمم.
- (b) يعد التعليم أحادي أهم العوامل التي تقوم عليها نهضة الأمم.
- (c) يعد التعليم أحد أهم العوامل التي تقوم عليها صناعة الأمم.
- (d) يعد التعليم أحد أهم المصانع التي تقوم عليها نهضة الأمم.

144. Exporting our products abroad will help to develop our economy and get more hard currency.

- (a) إن تصدير منتجاتنا إلى الخارج سوف يساعد في تطوير اقتصادنا والحصول على المزيد من العملة الشاقة.
- (b) إن استيراد منتجاتنا إلى الخارج ساعدنا في تطوير اقتصادنا والحصول على المزيد من العملة الصعبة.
- (c) إن تصدير منتجاتنا إلى الخارج سوف يساعد في تدمير اقتصادنا والحصول على المزيد من العملة الصعبة.
- (d) إن تصدير منتجاتنا إلى الخارج سوف يساعد في تطوير اقتصادنا والحصول على المزيد من العملة الصعبة.

145. Sports teach us discipline, value of time and team spirit which help us beat every challenge and achieve success in our life.

- (a) تعلمنا الرياضة الانضباط وقيمة الوقت وروح الفريق التي تساعدنا على التغلب على كل تحدي وتحقيق الأمل في حياتنا.
- (b) تعلمنا الرياضة الانضباط وقيمة الوقت وروح الفريق التي تساعدنا على التغلب على كل تحدي وتحقيق التقدم في حياتنا.
- (c) تعلمنا الرياضة الانضباط وقيمة الوقت وروح الفريق التي تعوقنا على التغلب على كل تحدي وتحقيق النجاح في حياتنا.
- (d) تعلمنا الرياضة الانضباط وقيمة الوقت وروح الفريق التي تساعدنا على التغلب على كل تحدي وتحقيق النجاح في حياتنا.

146. If you want to achieve your success, you should make it on your own. You should have patience, willingness and self-confidence.

- (a) إذا كنت ترغب في تحقيق نجاحك ، فيجب عليك تحقيقه بنفسك. يجب التحلي بالصبر والرغبة والثقة بالنفس.
(b) إذا كنت ترغب في تحقيق نجاحك ، فلا يجب تحقيقه بنفسك. يجب التحلي بالصبر والرغبة والثقة بالنفس.
(c) إذا كنت ترغب في تحقيق نجاحك ، فيجب عليك تحقيقه بنفسك. يجب التحلي بالعنف والرغبة والثقة بالنفس.
(d) إذا كنت ترغب في تحقيق أملك ، فيجب عليك تحقيقه بنفسك. يجب التحلي بالصبر والرغبة والثقة بالنفس.

147. Success never comes by chance so you must work hard to achieve your goals and to be an effective member in your country.

- (a) النجاح لا يأتي صدفة لذلك عليك أن تعمل بجد لتحقيق أهدافك وتكون عضو فعال في بلدك.
(b) النجاح يأتي صدفة لذلك عليك أن تعمل لتحقيق أهدافك وتكون عضو فعال في بلدك.
(c) النجاح يأتي صدفة لذلك عليك أن تعمل بجد لتحقيق أهدافك وتكون عضو فعال في بلدك.
(d) النجاح لا يأتي صدفة لذلك عليك أن تعمل بجد لتحقيق أهدافك وتكون عضو غير فعال في بلدك.

148. Crimes committed by youth are increasing all over the world. This is a serious problem which worries people and needs a solution.

- (a) الجرائم التي يرتكبها الشباب تتزايد في كل أنحاء العالم. وهذه مشكلة بارزة تقلق الناس وتحتاج إلى حل.
(b) الجرائم التي يرتكبها الشباب تتزايد في كل أنحاء العالم. وهذه مشكلة خطيرة تقلق الناس وتحتاج إلى حل.
(c) الجرائم التي يرتكبها المجرمين تتزايد في كل أنحاء العالم. وهذه مشكلة خطيرة تقلق الناس وتحتاج إلى حل.
(d) الجرائم التي يرتكبها الشباب تتزايد في كل أنحاء الدولة. وهذه مشكلة خطيرة تقلق الناس وتحتاج إلى حل.

Test yourself on passage

Some doctors think that you should drink a glass of water each morning. You should drink this water first thing, before doing anything else. The temperature of the water should be similar to body temperature; neither too hot nor too cold.

Why should you drink this water? Water helps your body in many ways. It helps clean out your kidneys. It prepares your stomach for digestion. Water can also help your intestines work better. After drinking water, the intestines can more easily take out nutrients from our food. Water also helps us go to the bathroom more easily.

Scientists suggest that people take in 1,600 milliliters of water each day. But don't drink all of that water in one sitting. If you do, your kidneys will have to work much harder to eliminate it. It's better to drink some in the morning and some in the afternoon. Some people think it's better to drink between meals and not during meals. They think water dilutes the juices produced in our stomachs. This can interfere with normal digestion.

Are you drinking enough water every day? Check the color of your urine. If it is light yellow, you are probably drinking enough. If your urine is very dark yellow, you probably need to drink more water. A little more water each day could make you much healthier!

149. What could be a good title for this reading?

- (a) "Drink Water, Not Soft Drinks" (b) "Drink During Meals"
(c) "Drink Between Meals" (d) "Drink Enough Water"

150. Which of the following is NOT a reason to drink water?

- (a) So your intestines will work well. (b) To get more nutrients.
(c) To clean out your kidneys. (d) To dilute your stomach juices.

151. What is the synonym of "eliminate"?

- (a) add (b) keep (c) permit (d) get rid of

152. Why is it helpful to drink water in the morning?

- (a) Your kidneys will work harder. (b) Your intestines will work well.
(c) Your juices will be diluted. (d) Your urine will be pale yellow.

153. Why is it better to drink between meals?

- (a) So you eat enough food. (b) So you don't dilute stomach juices.
(c) So your urine will not smell bad. (d) So you don't overwork your kidneys.

154. Why is dark-colored urine a sign to drink more water?

- ☒ a It shows our body is healthy.
- ☐ b It means our kidneys are working too hard.
- ☒ c less water makes the color darker.
- ☐ d It is the same color as our digestive juices.

155. This passage can be a part of a/an

- ☒ a article
- ☐ b novel
- ☐ c CV
- ☐ d poem

156. "In one sitting" in the passage means about a subject.

- ☒ a all at once
- ☐ b while you are sitting
- ☐ c slowly
- ☐ d bit by bit

157. The underlined pronoun "it" refers to

- ☒ a urine
- ☐ b water
- ☐ c kidney
- ☐ d yellow

Many parents need help to deal with their children's naughty behaviour at home. The first positive discipline technique is for parents to remain calm because nervous parents do not get good results. Parents who cannot often remain calm find that their children stop taking any notice of them. The second challenge is to know how to correct bad behaviour in an effective way. For instance, punishing children by preventing them from watching their favourite TV programme is not an ideal solution. Parents should establish clear rules for children to follow. If children refuse to follow these, they know they will be disciplined. The most effective way of encouraging good behaviour is to give positive feedback as often as possible, to show that it is not only naughtiness that attracts attention. As you think about how to discipline your child, it's important to remember that the word discipline is rooted in meanings of learning and teaching. The best way to discipline your child is to help him/her make better choices. You can role play the behaviours, using a calm voice. Be encouraging when they make the right choices. Finally, you must know that discipline can help your child learn how to behave – as well as how not to behave. It works best when you have a warm and loving relationship with your child.

158. The article suggests that parents should be to get results for children discipline.

- ☒ a calm
- ☐ b eager
- ☐ c worried
- ☐ d nervous

159. According to the article, the best way to correct a children's bad behaviour is

- ☐ a punishing children
- ☐ b hitting them hard.
- ☒ c establishing clear rules for children to follow.
- ☐ d preventing them from watching their favourite TV program.

160. The underlined pronoun "them" refers to

- ☐ a writers
- ☒ b parents
- ☐ c techniques
- ☐ d children

161. The article suggests that in order to discipline children, parents first of all should

- ☐ a treat them as harshly as possible
- ☐ b stop beating them
- ☒ c find an effective way to correct their children's behaviour
- ☐ d teach them how they have to behave themselves

162. Instead of punishing children, parents should

- ☐ a praise them all the time
- ☐ b give them negative feedback
- ☒ c encourage them to follow the necessary rules
- ☐ d give them everything they ask for

163. According to the article, what happens when parents get angry too often?

- ☐ a Their children follow the rules of a good behaviour.
- ☐ b Their children become frightened of them.
- ☐ c Their children do what they want at once.
- ☒ d Their children stop taking notice of them.

164. A suitable title to this passage would be

- ☐ a "How to reward good children"
- ☐ b "How to punish naughty children effectively"
- ☒ c "How to discipline naughty children"
- ☐ d "How to set role models for children"

165. How do you think role play can help discipline children?

- ☒ a Children can imitate their parents.
- ☐ b Children can have roles to play at school.
- ☐ c Children are encouraged to tell their parents about their needs.
- ☐ d Children can understand why they are punished.